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## V Semester B.Sc. Degree (CCSS-Reg./Supple./Imp.) Examination, November 2015 CORE COURSE IN MATHEMATICS 5B07 MAT : Abstract Algebra

## Time: 3 Hours

Max. Weightage: 30

- 1. Mark each of the following true or false.
  - a) If \* is any commutative binary operation on any set S, then a \* (b \* c) = (b \* c) \* a for all a, b, c ∈ S.
  - b) A binary operation on a set S assigns exactly one element of S to each ordered pair of elements of S.
  - c) Every abelian group is cyclic.
  - d) Every cyclic group has a unique generator.

Answer any six questions from the following (weightage one each).

- 2. If \* is defined on  $\mathbb{Q}^+$ , the set of all positive rationals, by  $a * b = \frac{ab}{2}$ , show that  $(\mathbb{Q}^+, *)$  is a group.
- If G is a group with binary operation \*, prove that (a \* b)'=b'\*a', where a' is the inverse of a.
- 4. If A is any set and  $\sigma$  is a permutation of A, show that the relation '~' defined A by a ~b if and only if  $b = \sigma^n(a)$ , for some  $n \in \mathbb{Z}$ ,  $a, b \in A$ , is an equivalence relation.
- 5. Write the permutation  $\sigma = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 5 & 6 & 7 & 8 \\ 3 & 8 & 6 & 7 & 4 & 1 & 5 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$  as a product of cycles.
- 6. Prove that every group of prime order is cyclic.

(W=1)

- 7. If H is a normal subgroup of a group G, show that the cosets of H in G forms a group under the binary operation (aH) (bH) = (ab) H.
- 8. Prove that a factor group of a cyclic-group is cyclic.
- 9. Define a ring homomorphism. Check whether  $\phi : \mathbb{Z} \to \mathbb{Z}$  defined by  $\phi(x) = 2(x)$  is a ring homomorphism.
- 10. What is the remainder when 8<sup>103</sup> is divided by 13?
- 11. Define the characteristic of a ring. Obtain the characteristics of the rings  $\mathbb{Z}_n$ ,  $\mathbb{Z}$ , Q and IR. (W=6×1=6)

Answer any seven questions from the following (weightage two each).

- 12. If G is a group binary operation \*, show that (a\*b)'=a'\*b' if and only if a\*b = b\*a, for a, b, ∈ G, where a' is the inverse of a.
- 13. Prove that the intersection of two-subgroups H and K of a group G is a subgroup of G.
- 14. If G is a group and  $a \in G$ , show that  $H = \{a^n/n \in \mathbb{Z}\}$  is the smallest subgroup of G that contains 'a'.
- If H is a subgroup of a finite group G, prove that order of H is a divisor of order of G. Also prove that order of an element of a finite group divides the order of the group.
- 16. Obtain the group of symmetries of a square with vertices 1, 2, 3 and 4.
- 17. Define a homomorphism of a group G into a group G'. If  $\varphi: G \rightarrow G'$  is a homomorphism of a group G on to a group G' and G is abelian, show that G' is also abelian.
- 18. If the map  $\gamma : \mathbb{Z} \to \mathbb{Z}_n$  is difined by  $\gamma$  (m) = r, where r is the remainder given by the division algorithm when m is divided by n, show that  $\gamma$  is a homomorphism.

- 19. If  $\phi: G \to G'$  is a group homomorphism with Ker  $\phi = H$ , prove that the set  $\phi^{-1}[\{\phi(a)\}] = \{x \in G/\phi(x) = \phi(a)\}$  is the left coset aH of H.
- 20. Prove that the divisors of zero in  $\mathbb{Z}_n$  are precisely those elements that are not relatively prime to n.
- 21. If R is a ring with units and if  $n.1 \neq 0$  for all  $n \in \mathbb{Z}^+$ , prove that R has characteristic zero. If n.1 = 0, for some  $n \in \mathbb{Z}^+$ , prove that the characteristic of R is the smallest such n. (W=7×2=14)

Answer any three questions from the following (weightage 3 each).

- 22. If G is a cyclic group with n elements and 'a' is a generator of G, prove that  $b = a^s \in G$  generates a cyclic subgroup H of G containing  $n_d$  elements, where d is the g.c.d. of n and s.
- 23. Show that every group is isomorphic to a group of permutations.
- 24. Prove that the collection of all even permutations of  $\{1, 2, ..., n\}$ ,  $n \ge 2$ , forms a subgroup of order  $\frac{n!}{2}$  of the symmetric group  $S_n$ .
- 25. Prove that a subgroup H of a group G is a normal subgroup if and only if gH = Hg for all  $g \in G$ .
- 26. Show that the set  $G_n$  of non zero elements of  $\mathbb{Z}_n$  that are not zero divisors forms group under multiplication modulo n. (W=3×3=9)