

M 1986

V Semester B.A./B.Sc./B.Com./B.B.A./B.B.A.T.T.M./B.B.M./B.C.A./B.S.W./ B.A. Afsal UI Ulama Degree (CCSS – Reg./Supple./Improv.) Examination, November 2012 CORE COURSE IN MATHEMATICS 5B07 MAT : Abstract Algebra

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Weightage: 30

- 1. Mark each of the following are true or false (Weightage 1):
 - a) If * is any binary operation on any set S, then a*a = a for all $a \in G$.
 - b) Any finite group of atmost three elements is abelian.
 - c) Every cyclic group is abelian.
 - d) Every group of order ≤ 4 is cyclic.

Answer any 6 from the following 9 questions (Weightage 1 each) :

- 2. Define a cyclic group. Find the number of generators of a cyclic group having the order 8.
- 3. Define a cyclic group. Find the number of generators of a cyclic group having the order 12.
- 4. Define orbit of a permutation. Find the orbits of the permutation.

 $\sigma = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 5 & 6 & 7 & 8 \\ 3 & 8 & 6 & 7 & 4 & 1 & 5 & 2 \end{pmatrix} \text{ in } S_8.$

- 5. Let H be a subgroup of a group G and let $a \in G$. Define the left and right cosets of H containing a. Exhibit all left and right cosets of the subgroup 4Z of 2Z.
- 6. Define a group homomorphism. Determine whether the map $\phi : \mathbb{R}^* \to \mathbb{R}^*$ under multiplication given by $\phi(x) = |x|$ is an homomorphism.
- 7. Determine the number of group homomorphisms from Z into Z.
- 8. Define a ring. Give an example of a ring having two elements a and b such that ab = 0 but neither a nor b is zero.
- 9. Define the characteristic of a ring R. Find the characteristic of the ring $Z_3 \times Z_4$.
- 10. Define an idempotent element of a ring. Show that a division ring contains exactly two idempotent elements. (6×1=6)

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Answer any 7 from the following 10 questions (Weightage 2 each) :

- 11. Prove that if G is an abelian group, written multiplicatively, with identity element e, then all elements x of G satisfying the equation $x^2 = e$ form a subgroup H of G.
- 12. Define a subgroup of a group G. Find all subgroups of Z_{18} .
- 13. Show that if H and K are subgroups of an abelian group G, then $\{hk \setminus h \in H \text{ and } k \in K\}$ is a subgroup of G.
- 14. Obtain the group of symmetries of an equilateral triangle with vertices 1, 2 and 3. Show that it is nonabelian.
- 15. Prove that a group G of prime order is cyclic.
- 16. Define normal subgroup of a group G. If $\phi : G \to G'$ is a group homomorphism, then show that Ker (ϕ) is a normal subgroup of G.
- 17. Show that A_n is a normal subgroup of S_n and find a known group to which S_n / A_n is isomorphic.
- 18. Show that if H and K are normal subgroups of a group G such that $H \cap K = \{e\}$, then hk = kh for all $h \in H$ and $k \in K$.
- 19. Show that the characteristic of an integral domain D must be either 0 or a prime p.
- 20. Find all solutions of the congruence $15x \equiv 27 \pmod{18}$. (7×2=14)

Answer any 3 from the following 5 questions (Weightage 3 each) :

- 21. Show that a subgroup of a cyclic group is cyclic.
- 22. Prove that any permutation of a finite set of at least two elements is a product of transpositions.
- 23. Let H be a subgroup of G such that $g^{-1}hg \in H$ for all $g \in G$ and all $h \in H$. show that every left coset gH is the same as the right coset Hg.
- 24. State and prove the fundamental homomorphism theorem.
- 25. If $a \in Z$, the show that $a^p \equiv a \pmod{p}$ for any prime p.

(3×3=9)