

Reg. No. :

Name :

Second Semester B.Sc. Degree (CBCSS – Regular) Examination, May 2018
(2017 Admission)

CORE COURSE IN MATHEMATICS
2B02MAT : Integral Calculus

Time : 3 Hours

Max. Marks : 48

SECTION – A

Answer **all** questions from **1** to **4**. Each question carries **1** mark.

1. State the Mean Value Theorem for Definite Integrals.
2. State Fundamental Theorem of Calculus that describes how to evaluate definite integrals.
3. Define Beta Function.
4. Let f be smooth on $[a, b]$. Define the length of the curve $y = f(x)$ from a to b . (4×1=4)

SECTION – B

Answer **any eight** questions among the questions **5** to **14**. Each question carries **2** marks.

5. Graph the integrand and use area to evaluate $\int_{-2}^1 |x| dx$.
6. Using the definitions of Hyperbolic sine and Hyperbolic cosine prove that $\int \sinh u du = \cosh u + C$.
7. Using reduction formula evaluate $\int \tan^3 x dx$.



8. Evaluate $\int_0^{\infty} x^3 e^{-x^2} dx$.
9. Prove that $B(m, n) = B(n, m)$ where B denotes the Beta Function.
10. The region between the curve $y = \sqrt{x}$, $0 \leq x \leq 4$ and the x -axis is revolved about the x -axis to generate a solid. Find its volume.
11. Using integration find the length of the curve $x = a \cos t$, $y = a \sin t$, $0 \leq t \leq 2\pi$.
12. Find the area inside one loop of the lemniscate $r^2 = 4 \sin 2\theta$.
13. Find the average value $f(x, y) = x \cos xy$ over the rectangle $R : 0 \leq x \leq \pi$, $0 \leq y \leq 1$.
14. Evaluate $\int_0^1 \int_0^1 \int_0^1 (x^2 + y^2 + z^2) dz dy dx$. (8×2=16)

SECTION – C

Answer **any four** questions among the questions 15 to 20. **Each** question carries 4 marks.

15. Using reduction formula evaluate $\int \sin^2 2\theta \cos^3 2\theta d\theta$.
16. Prove that $B(p, q) = \int_0^1 \frac{x^{p-1} + x^{q-1}}{(1+x)^{p+q}} dx$.
17. The region bounded by the curve $y = x^2 + 1$ and the line $y = -x + 3$ is revolved about the x -axis to generate a solid. Find the volume of the solid using the Washer method.
18. Find the length of the cardioid $r = 1 - \cos\theta$.
19. Evaluate $\int_0^1 \int_{-\sqrt{1-y^2}}^{\sqrt{1-y^2}} 3y dx dy$, by reversing the order of integration.
20. Find the volume of the upper region D cut from the solid sphere

$$\rho \leq 1 \text{ by the cone } \phi = \frac{\pi}{3}$$

(4×4=16)



SECTION – D

Answer **any two** questions among the questions **21** to **24**. **Each** question carries **6** marks.

21. Using the integral for the area as a limit of Riemann sums, find the area of the region between the parabola $y = x^2$ and the x-axis on the interval $[0, b]$.
 22. Define Gamma function. State and prove factorial property of the Gamma function. Express $n\Gamma(n)$ in terms of $n!$.
 23. Find the area of the surface generated by revolving the curve $y = x^3, 0 \leq x \leq \frac{1}{2}$ about the x-axis.
 24. A thin plate covers the triangular region bounded by the x-axis and the lines $x = 1$ and $y = 2x$ in the first quadrant. The plate's density at the point (x, y) is $\delta(x, y) = 6x + 6y + 6$. Find plate's mass, first moments, center of mass, moments of inertia and radii of gyration about the coordinate axes. **(2×6=12)**
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