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Second Semester Degree Examination, May 2010 ENGLISH (Common)

TO AND SCIENT

Course No. 2: 2A03 ENG: Readings on Indian Constitution, Secularism and Environment

Time: 3 Hours Max. Weightage: 30

- I. Answer any one of the following in about 200 words:
  - 1) What do you think of the discrimination suffered by Kumud Pawde in her early life?
  - 2) What is Meena Alexander trying to convey through Meera? (1×4=4)
- II. Answer any one of the following in about 200 words:
  - 3) What idea of the Constitution, Centre and States do you get from Palkhivala's speech?
  - 4) What is the significance of Green School Contest?

 $(1 \times 4 = 4)$ 

- III. Attempt any one of the following in about 200 words:
  - 5) Write a letter to the editor of a newspaper on the large-scale, indiscriminate sand mining from the river beds in your area.
  - 6) Analyse the passage given below:
    - A large number of elected Dalit and women panchayat presidents suffered humiliation at the hands of the vice-presidents and co-members and even government officials. In many cases it was found that the Dalit presidents had to take orders from caste-Hindu leaders and that a substantial number of women presidents were proxies for their husbands or other men of their families. The provision in the Act that the president and the vice-president should sign cheques jointly was often used by the vice-presidents to put pressure on the presidents. In fact, in 1997, caste-Hindu hostility led to the massacre of six Dalits including Murugesan, president of the Melavalavu village panchayat in Madurai district (*Frontline*, July 25, 1997). Caste-Hindu panchayat presidents who were sympathetic to Dalit causes were also not spared. One such panchayat chief was hacked to death in Coimbatore district (*Frontline*, April 12).



For rural women and Dalits, most of whom were elected to these posts for the first time, it was an uphill task. Fear of facing hostile people prevented them from even convening the mandatory gram sabha meetings. The police and the administrative machinery only added to their woes. The only redeeming factor was that some departments of the Central and State governments and numerous non-governmental and inter-governmental agencies, besides some political parties and Dalit/women's organisations, tried to help them, through workshops and training and capacity-building programs, to overcome the impediments.

Six years after the three-tier panchayati raj institutions were put in place and nearly a year after the second round of elections to them were held, the ground situation with regard to the empowerment of Dalits and women appears to be changing for the better, albeit slowly. This seems to be the case at least in the southern districts of Tirunelveli and Madurai, which constitute the epicentre of caste-based atrocities against Dalits. While it is true that elections could not be held in five villages in this region and the elected panchayat chiefs of two villages had to lay down office, a churning process is very much visible in a number of other villages. There is a perceptible rise in the level of Dalit assertion, many Dalit and women panchayat presidents today speak with greater confidence than was the case a few years ago, and they are more aware of their rights and responsibilities.

At the other end of the spectrum, people from the dominant caste-Hindu communities and from the village orthodoxy have also indicated a change in their mindset. They possibly realise that continued hostility will not help, and fear that their villages will be left out in the process of development, howsoever slow it may be.

- IV. Answer any four of the following, each in a paragraph of about 80 words:
  - 7) How does the poet frustrate the landlady in her game of racism?
  - 8) Patriarchal logic against women's education presented in 'The Exercise Book'.
  - 9) The drowning incident described by Kottarathil Sankunni.
  - 10) The early life of Medha Patkar.
  - 11) What does Mahapatra convey through his poem?  $(4 \times 2 = 8)$
- V. Answer all questions, in the four bunches choosing the correct answer from the options given against each:
  - 12) a) Protection of life and personal liberty are ensured by \_\_\_\_\_
  - i) Right to equality ii) Cultural and Educational rights
    - iii) Right against exploitation iv) Right to freedom



b) Nani A. Palkhi	vala was an eminent	
i) Politician		ii) Lawyer
iii) Administrato	rod to islanting i	v) Journalist
	e mist clears, you wi	ll hear all these little pop-pop-pop
i) The early bire	ds	ii) Splashing of water
iii) The lotus bud	ls popping open i	v) Pattering of the rain
d) Shirdey temple The underlined	was the <u>rage</u> then. expression means	ereldgisah Moosa e ili) Arronlonkom Navat
i) Object of hate	e de la companya de l	ii) Intense anger
iii) Unfriendly	i	v) Popular and fashionable
13) a) Republic is a po	olitical system in whi	ich midna to northfolgen (f
<ul><li>i) The supreme</li><li>ii) There are two</li><li>iii) The President</li></ul>	power is vested in per houses of Parliamen	eople and their elected representatives at
	patra hails from	
		ii) Orissa
		v) Andhra Pradesh
		Centre
i) is good for de		that per for elvole, pur saw and
ii) makes the co		
	nity of the country	
	t with the spirit of the	e Constitution
		Answer and some of the deligning on A
i) Genuine servi	ice to the community	in Way did Kamani Dieser dan sh
ii) Petty gifts		
iii) Offer of empl		
14) a) It was said that	'Arakkal is half of C	hirakkal', because
	alf the properties of	
The second secon	ver fully accepted the	Arakkal family
	s far more powerful t	
	dually grew in power	



b)	'Ali Raja' is a distortion of	The bar was a second of the second of	
i	) Raja Mohammed Ali	ii) Arakkal Raja	
iii	) Raja of Ali family	iv) Ruler of the seas	
c)	The Princess married a Muslim and	d embraced Islam because	200
i	) of forced conversion	ii) resentment towards her family	
iii	i) of strategic reasons	iv) of her desire to uphold tradition	n
d)	captured Maldives fo	r the Kolathiri.	
		ii) Muhammed Ali	
	i) Aryankulangara Nayar	iv) None of these	
15) a) '	The criteria for development shoul	d be	
	i) exploitation of nature		
iii	i) economic benefit	iv) sustainability and justice	
b) ]	In private schools, the main proble	em is the	
	i) fixation over marks		
		iv) all these	
c) ]	Baba Amte is		
	i) The leader of Chipko movemen	t ii) A journalist	
ii	i) Gandhian human rights activist	iv) Medha Patkar's disciple	
d) ?	Ramanujan was enraged over the	Champak tree because	mil.
	i) he was not a lover of nature		
	i) Champak trees were useless		
	i) the flowers smelt unpleasant	ortoneo-adulpeging adulestas a ellic	$(4\times1=4)$
1\	v) the flowers gave his mother mig	rame.	(4/1-4)
	er any six of the following, each in		
		d her brother were neglected children	en?
	hich are the two temples described		
	ho is Uma? What was her obsession		
	hat was the World Bank's decision		
	1 6 11 0	ne 'thorny weeds of hate grown in	the
21) W	ho were Arakkal Rajas ?		
22) Ho	ow does the society domesticate gir	ls and introduced them to roles they	
to	perform in later life ?		$(6\times1=6)$