



K22U 2819

Reg. No. :

Name :



Third Semester B.Sc. Degree (CBCSS – Supplementary)
Examination, November 2022
(2016 – 18 Admissions)

COMPLEMENTARY COURSE IN STATISTICS FOR GEOGRAPHY/
PSYCHOLOGY CORE
3C 03 STA : Probability and Distribution Theory

Time : 3 Hours

Max. Marks : 40

Instruction : Use of calculators and statistical tables are permitted.

PART – A
(Short Answer)

Answer **all** the 6 questions.

(6×1=6)

1. Define random experiment.
2. One ticket is drawn at random from a bag containing 30 tickets numbered from 1 to 30. Find the probability that it is a multiple of 3 or 5.
3. Define probability mass function (pmf).
4. Write down the pmf of a Poisson distribution whose mean is 2.
5. If $X \sim N(0, 1)$ and $p(X < 1) = 0.84$. Find $p(|X| < 1)$.
6. Define sampling distribution of a statistic.

PART – B
(Short Essay)

Answer **any** 6 questions.

(6×2=12)

7. A bag contains 7 white and 9 black balls. Two balls are drawn in succession at random. What is the probability that one of them is white and the other is black ?
8. Define distribution function of a random variable and give its properties.

P.T.O.



9. With the usual notations, find p for a binomial distribution, if $n = 6$ and $4P(X = 4) = P(X = 2)$.
10. Let X is the total number of heads obtained when two unbiased coins are thrown. Obtain $E(X)$.
11. Find the variance of binomial distribution.
12. Define chi-square statistic. Write down its density function.
13. Let X be a continuous random variable with pdf, $f(x) = \begin{cases} k(x - x^2), & 0 < x < 1, \\ 0, & \text{otherwise,} \end{cases}$ where k is a constant. Determine that value of k .
14. State the relation between Chi-square and F-distribution.

PART – C
(Essay)

Answer **any 4** questions.

(4×3=12)

15. Define the concept of conditional probability and independence of events.
16. Suppose a discrete random variable X has the following pmfs:
 $p_x(1) = \frac{1}{2}, p_x(2) = \frac{1}{4}, p_x(3) = \frac{1}{8}, p_x(4) = \frac{1}{8}$. Find the distribution function of X and obtain $P(1 < X \leq 3)$.
17. Derive the mean and variance of Poisson distribution.
18. Define mathematical expectation. If the random variable X takes the values 0, 1, 2, 3 with respective probabilities 0.1, 0.5, 0.2, 0.2, then find $E(X)$ and $V(X)$.
19. If X_1, X_2, X_3 and X_4 are independent observations from a univariate normal population with mean zero and unit variance then find the distribution of $\frac{3X_4^2}{X_1^2 + X_2^2 + X_3^2}$.
20. Show that the square of a t variate with n degrees of freedom is $F(1, n)$.



PART – D
(Long Essay)

Answer any 2 questions.

(2×5=10)

21. From a city population, the probability of selecting

- i) a male or a smoker is $\frac{7}{10}$,
- ii) a male smoker is $\frac{2}{5}$, and
- iii) a male, if a smoker is already selected is $\frac{2}{3}$.

Find the probability of selecting :

- a) a non-smoker and
- b) a smoker, if a male is first selected.

22. A random variable X has the following probability function.

X	-2	-1	0	1	2	3
P(X)	0.1	k	0.2	2k	0.3	k

Find the value of k and calculate the mean and variance.

23. The hourly wages of 1000 workers are normally distributed around a mean of Rs. 700 and with a standard deviation of Rs. 50. Estimate the number of workers whose hourly wages will be

- i) between Rs. 690 and Rs. 720,
- ii) more than Rs. 750 and
- iii) less than Rs. 630.

24. Fit a binomial distribution to the following data and calculate the theoretical frequencies.

x	0	1	2	3	4
- f	28	62	46	10	4